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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/578,792	12/04/2006	Katja Berg	21900 US (C038435/0196418	8725
83522 7590 03/22/2011 Bryan Cave LLP			EXAM	INER
1290 Avenue	of the Americas		KARPINSKI, LUKE E	
New York, NY 10104			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1616	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/22/2011	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/578,792	BERG ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
LUKE KARPINSKI	1616	

	LUKE KARFINSKI	1010	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet	vith the correspondence address	-
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MALLING. Since the action are plan available under the proteions of 27 CPF and the protein and 27 CPF and and 27	A DATE OF THIS COMMUN 3.1.136(a). In no event, however, may a riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC atute, cause the application to become a	IICATION. a reply be timely filed INTHS from the mailing date of this communicated the second seco	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) 7 3) Since this application is in condition for allo closed in accordance with the practice under the practice under the practice.	his action is non-final. wance except for formal ma		s is
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-3 and 6-11 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) 8-11 is/are withdr. 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-3. 6. and 7 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	awn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) objected to the drawing(s) be held in abeya rection is required if the drawin	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	. ,
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ents have been received. ents have been received in priority documents have bee eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)			

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Fatent Drawing Review (PTO-943)	Paper No(s / Mail Date
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	 Notice of Informal Patent Application
Paper No(s)/Mail Date .	6) U Other:

Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20110316

DETAILED ACTION

Claims

Claims 4 and 5 are canceled.

Claims 1-3 and 6-11 are pending.

Claims 8-11 are withdrawn.

Claims 1-3, 6, and 7 are under consideration in this action.

Rejections

Rejections and/or objections not reiterated from previous office actions are hereby withdrawn. The following rejections and/or objections are either reiterated or newly applied. They constitute the complete set presently being applied to the instant application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

Applicant Claims

- Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue, and resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

 Claims 1-3, 6, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over EP 0979645 to Gonzenbach in view of US 2004/0047817 to Bonda et al.

Applicant Claims

Applicant claims a composition comprising a) a polysiloxane based UV filter, b) a additional UV agent selected from the list of claim 1, c) a carrier, and optionally d) an additional UV filter.

Applicant further claims specific polysiloxane based UV filters, specific additional UV filters, and ratios for said UV filters.

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Art Unit: 1616

Determination of the Scope and Content of the Prior Art (MPEP §2141.01)

Gonzenbach et al. teach light screening compositions comprising the same polysiloxane-based UV filters as claimed in claims 1, 2, and 3, (page 1-5), the same additional UV filters as claimed in claims 1, 4, 5, and 6, (phenylbenz-imidazole sulfonic acid and 3-benzylidene camphor) (page 6), a carrier (aqueous phase and fatty phase) (abstract), as pertaining to claim 1, and percentages of said polysiloxane-bases UV filter and said additional UV filters as pertaining to the ratio of claim 7 ([19] and claim 8).

Ascertainment of the Difference between Scope the Prior Art and the Claims (MPEP §2141.012)

Gonzenbach et al. do not teach percentages for homosalate or that the percentage present for said polysiloxane based UV agent is less than the sum amount of UV filters b) and d) as pertaining to claim 7. This deficiency in Gonzenbach et al. is cured by Bonda. Bonda teaches that homosalate is typically present up to 10% [36].

Finding of Prima Facie Obviousness Rational and Motivation (MPEP §2142-2143)

Regarding claim 7, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the claimed invention was made to produce the formulations of Gonzenbach et al. with, 10% phenylbenzimidazol 5% of said polysiloxane based UV agent, and 10% homosalate as taught by Bonda et al. in order to produce the invention of instant claim 7.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this because both references teach to UV agents such as homosalate and Bonda teaches a preferred percentage limit for homosalate in Europe. Therefore it would have been obvious to utilize up to and including the maximum preferred amount of homosalate of Bonda, in the formulations of Gonzenbach et al. in order to use said components in known and preferred amounts. Since Bonda teaches 10% homosalate, Gonzenbach et al. teach 10% phenylbenzimidizole as well as said polysiloxane UV agent preferably present at 20% and more preferably present at 5%, it would have been obvious to produce a formulation in which the combined amounts of homosalate and phenylbenzimidizole are greater than the amount of said polysiloxane UV agent.

From the teachings of the reference, it is apparent that one of ordinary skill in the art would have had a reasonable expectation of success in producing the claimed invention. Therefore, the invention as a whole would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, as evidenced by the references, especially in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Claims 1-3, 6, and 7 are rejected.

No claims are allowed.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Inquiries

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to LUKE KARPINSKI whose telephone number is (571)270-3501. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday Friday 9-5 est.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Johann R. Richter can be reached on 571-272-0646. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

LEK

/Mina Haghighatian/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1616